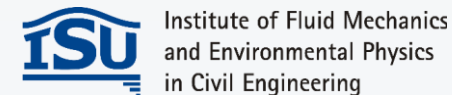
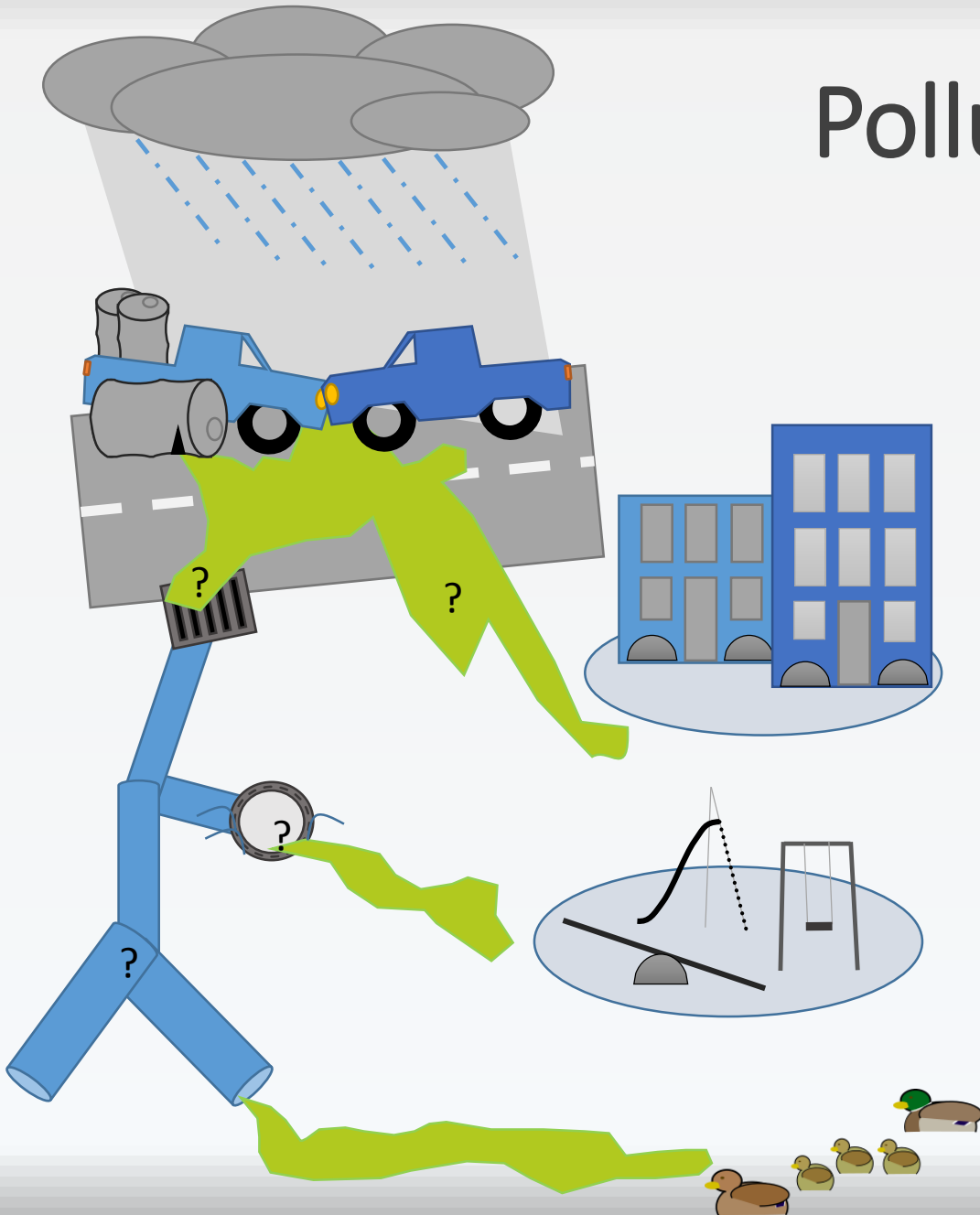


Pollution transport forecast during pluvial flood events

Robert Sämann, Thomas Graf, Insa Neuweiler

Institute of Fluid Mechanics and Environmental Physics
in Civil Engineering

Leibniz University of Hannover, Germany



Agenda:

1. Pollution Transport Model
2. Pluvial Flood Forecast

Dynamic solute transport in multiple domains

Accident with
hazardous injection spill

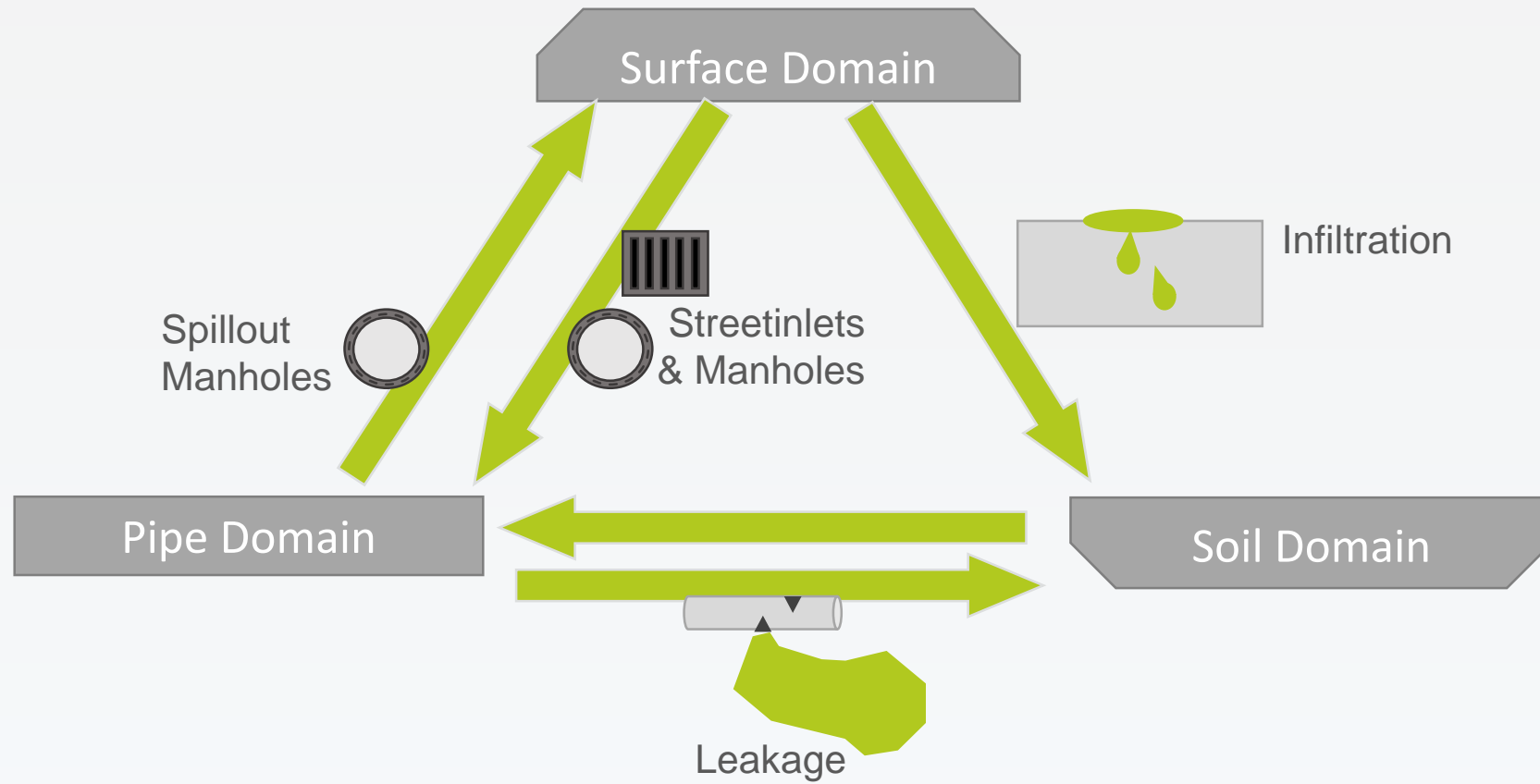


2D Surface

Inlets
Manholes

1D Pipe system

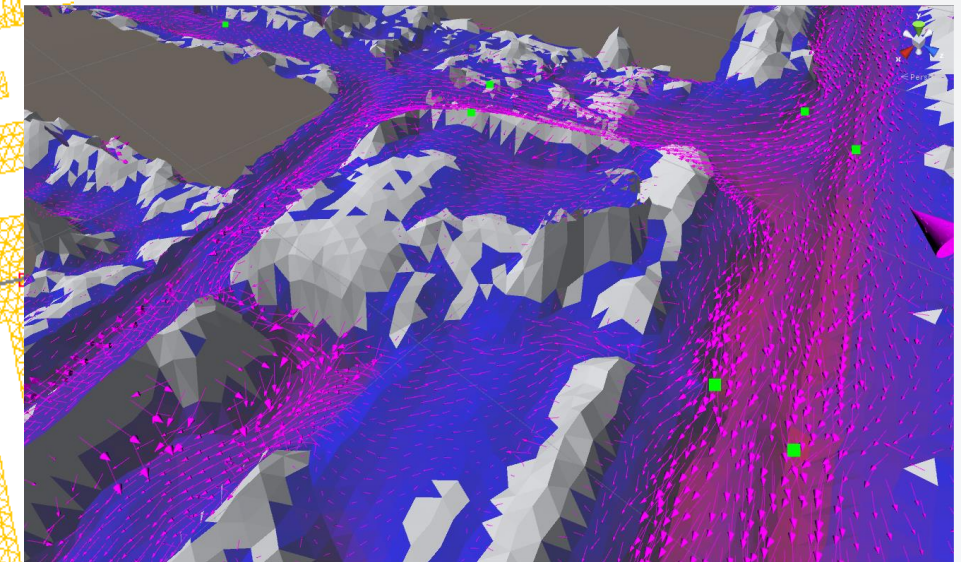
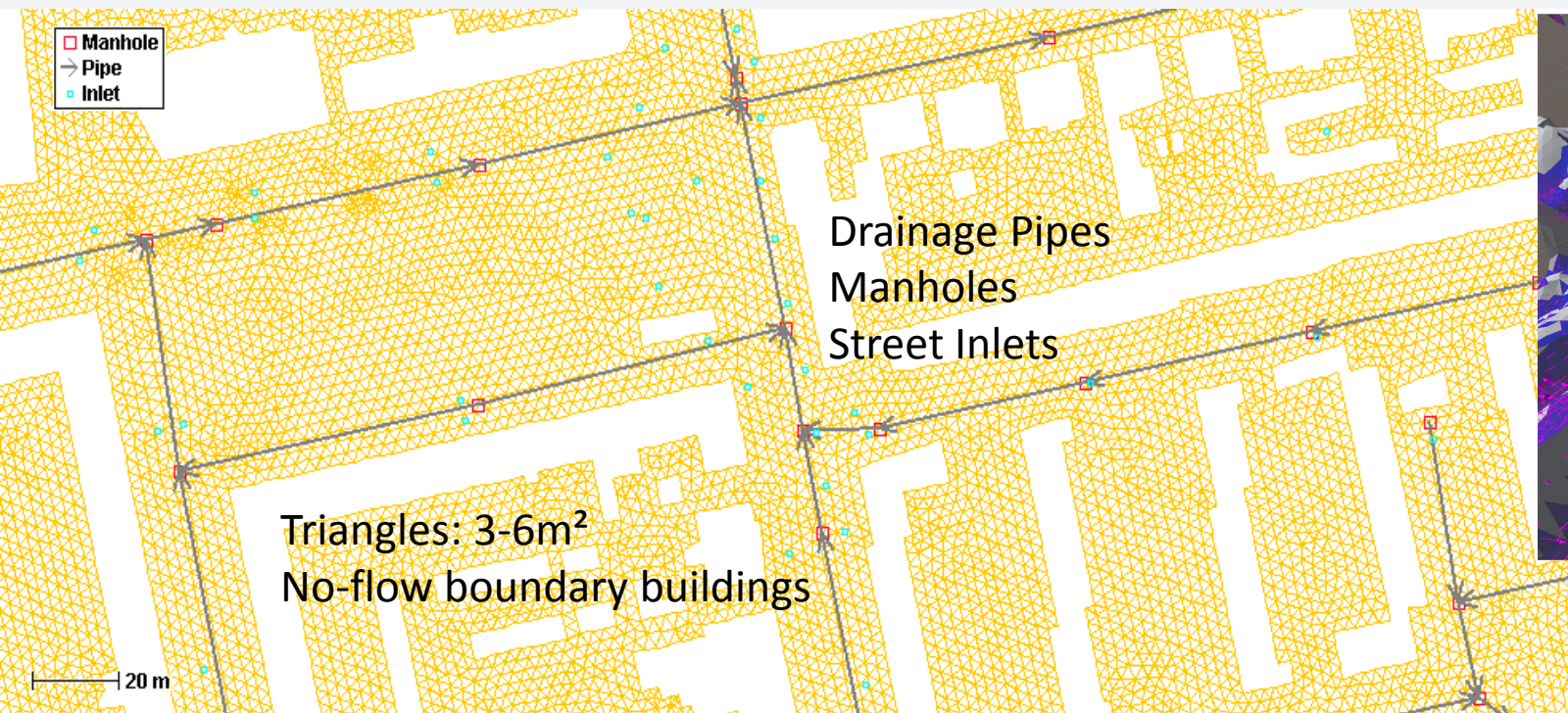
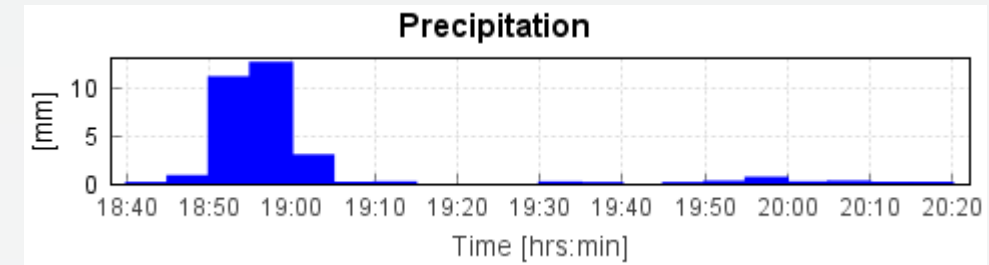
Cross domain transport paths



Hydrodynamic runoff model

Hystem Extran 2D (1D-2D runoff & routing) creates

dynamic velocities and water levels based on precipitation pattern

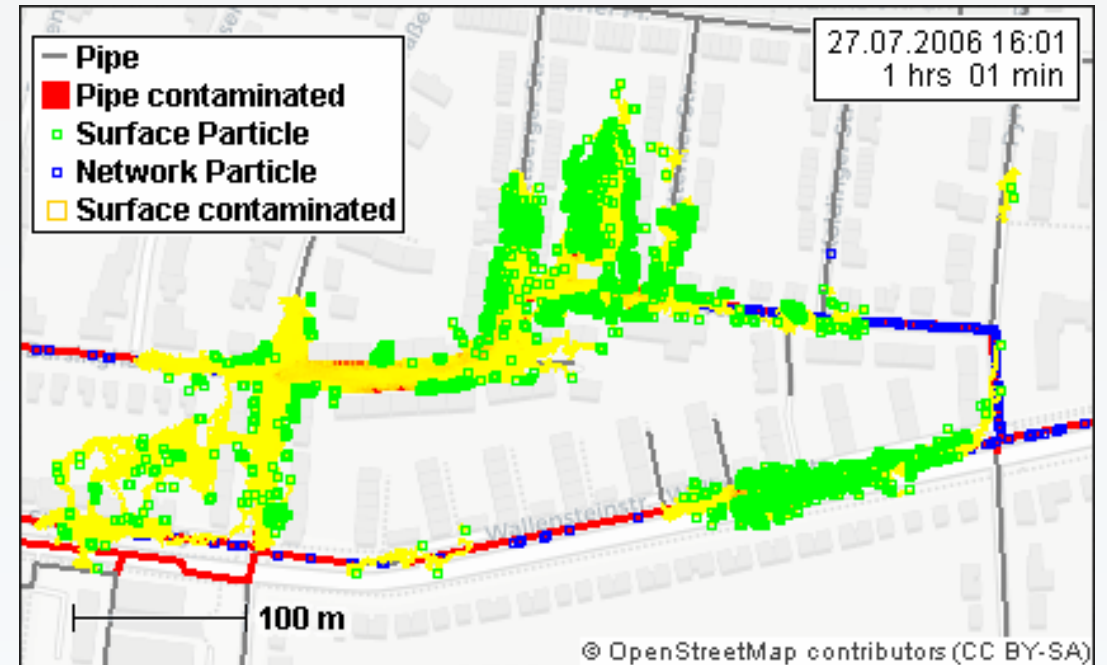


Solute transport model

Lagrangian Particles, Random Walk approach for diffusion

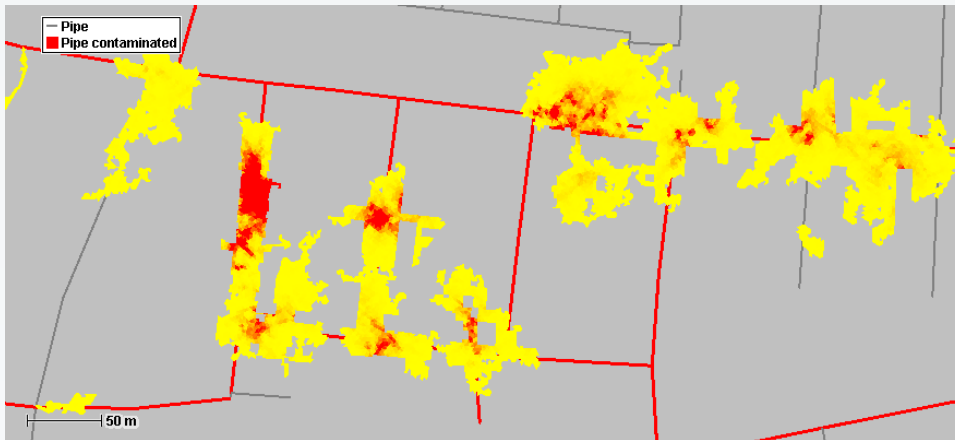
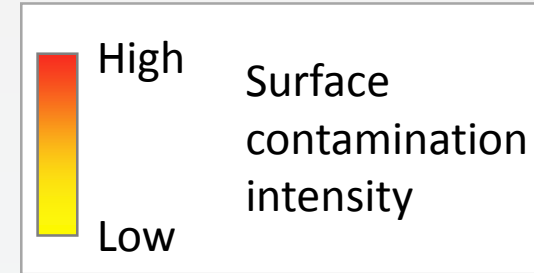
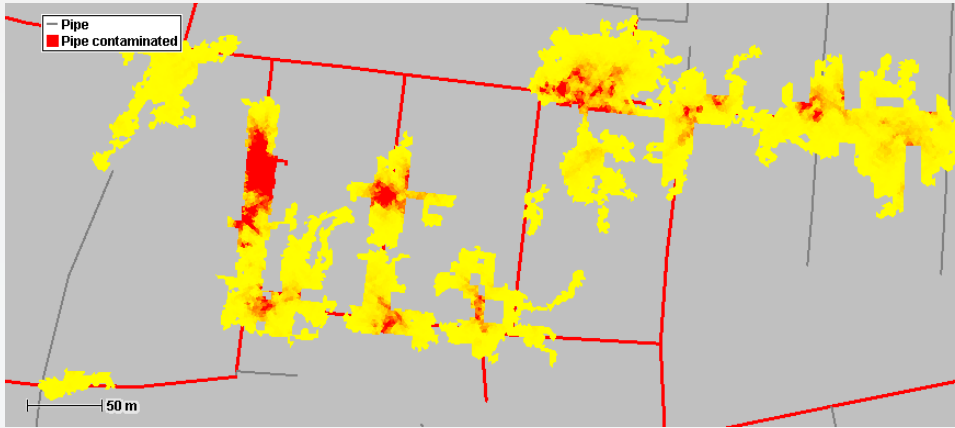
$$x(t + \Delta t) = x(t) + u(x(t)) \cdot \Delta t + \sqrt{2 \cdot D(x(t)) \cdot \Delta t} \cdot \xi$$

- + No numerical diffusion
- + Easy to track
- + Scalable
- + Parallelization
- o No reaction / deposition so far (prepared in code)
- Concentration calculation
- Many particles needed



Influence of routing uncertainty

- Same
- Injection location
 - Injection time
 - Flow field

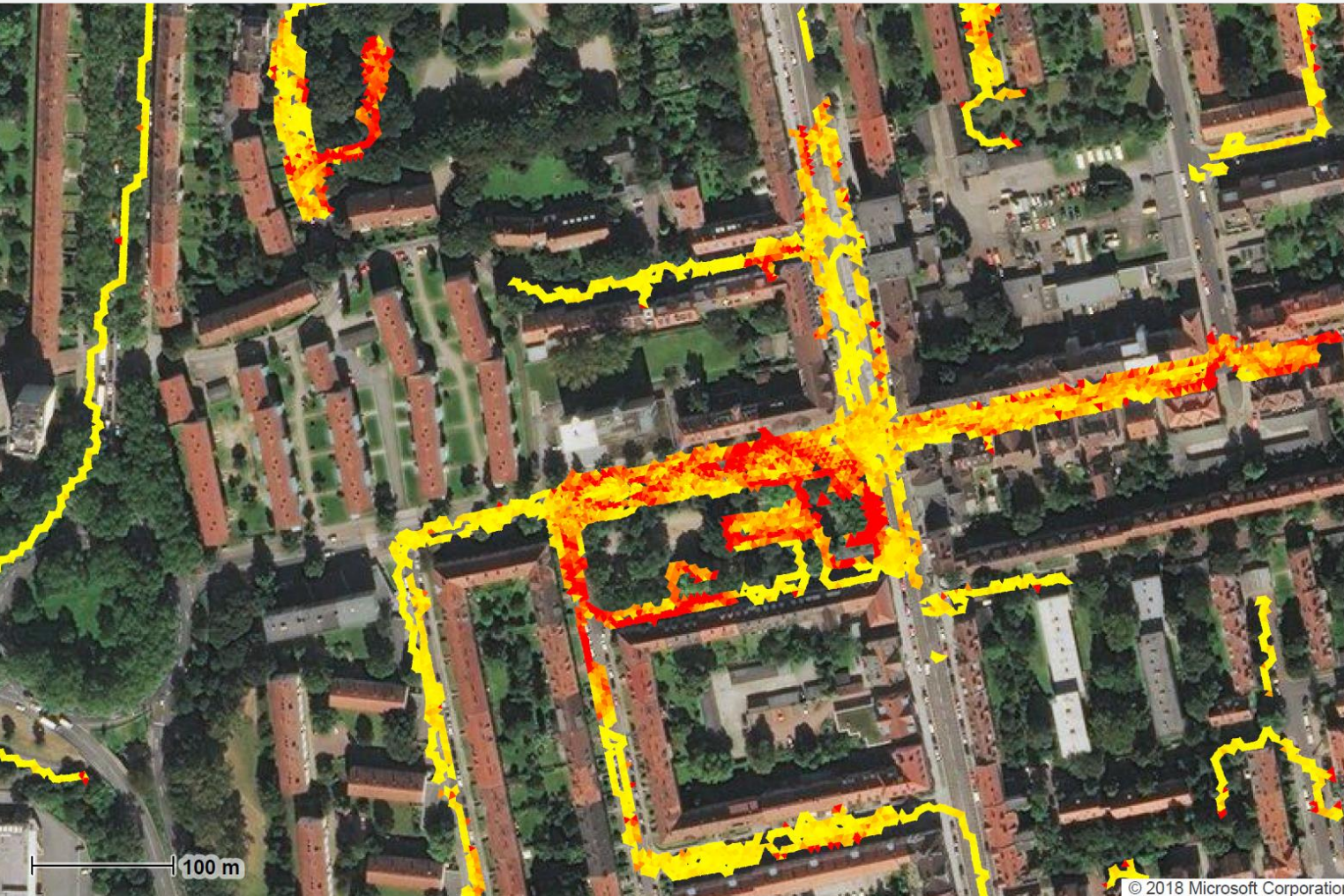


Area of low intensity with high variation

Area of high intensity with low variation

→ Create **Risk Maps** for accumulation locations

Surface contamination risk map



Risk Maps for accumulation locations

Red colour: Area of high concentration
or long retention time

Source injection: uniform distribution
over whole surface domain

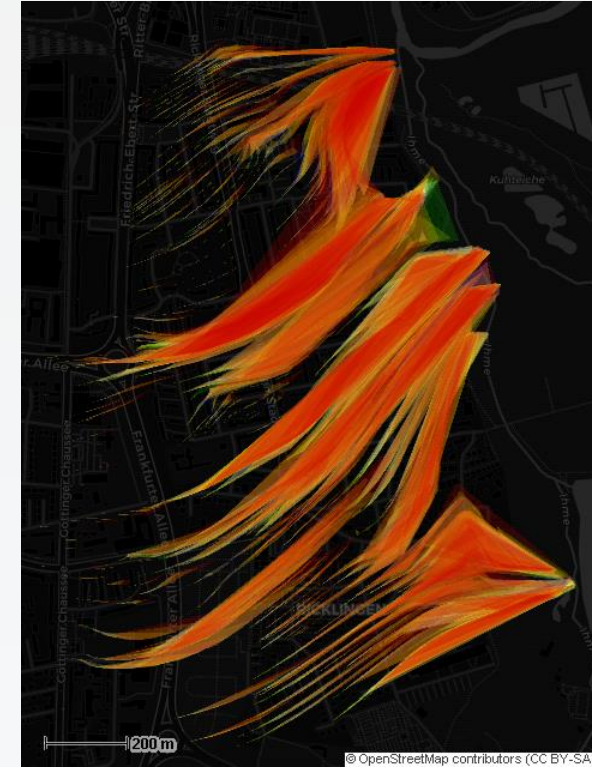
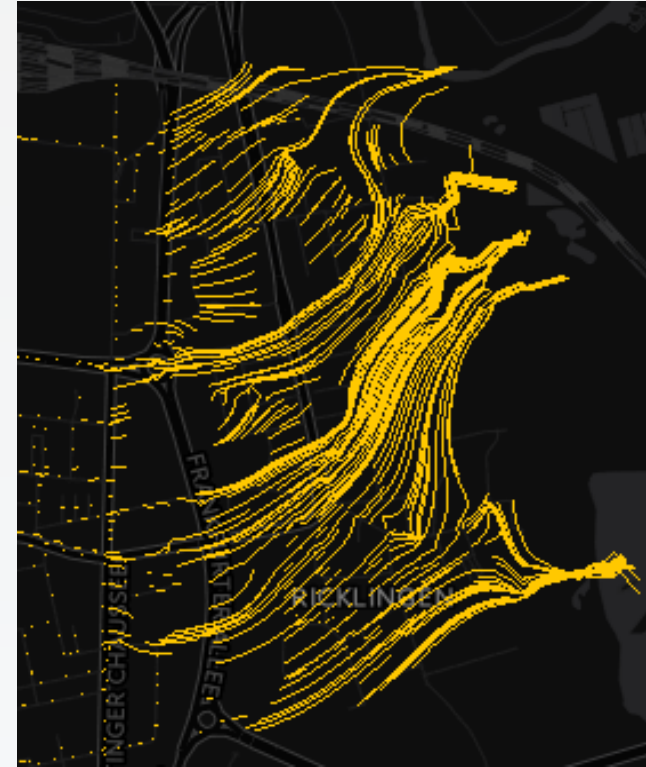
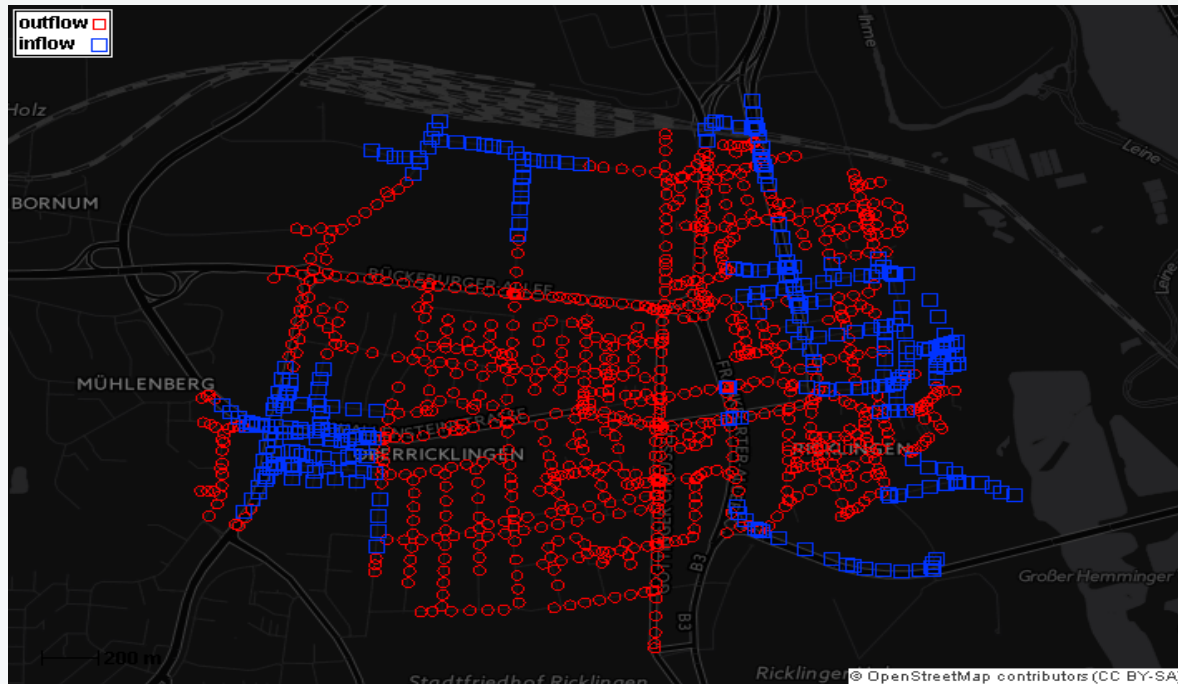
Tracking only after particles moved
more than 50 m.

Sämman, R., T. Graf, and I. Neuweiler (2019) Modeling of contaminant transport during an urban pluvial flood event—The importance of surface flow, *Journal of Hydrology* 568, 301-310.

Soil domain transport

3D movement in soil

Exfiltration from pipesystem
when above groundwater level



Outlook: 3D contamination output / visualisation ,
Direct coupling from pipe leakage

Peche, A., T. Graf, L. Fuchs, I. Neuweiler (2017) A coupled approach for the three-dimensional simulation of pipe leakage in variably saturated soil, *Journal of Hydrology* 555, 569-585, DOI: 10.1016/j.jhydrol.2017.10.050



Transport model JAVA code

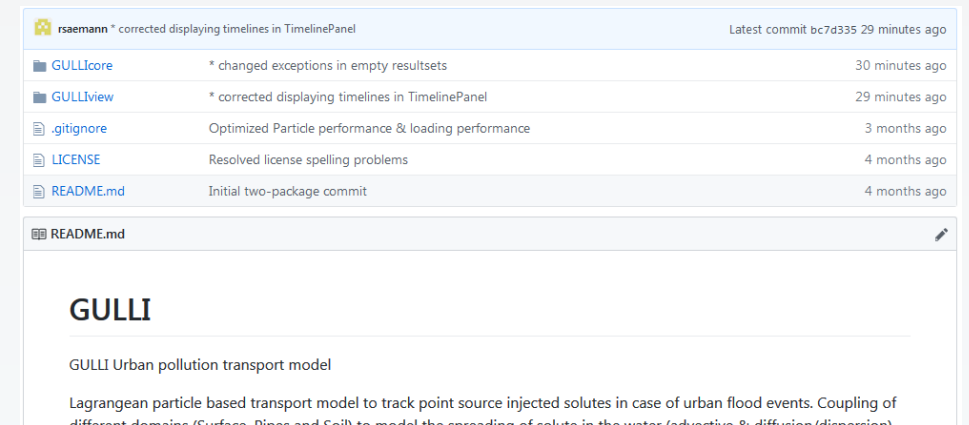
Input: Various formats (HYSTEM EXTRAN 2D, SWMM, OpenGeoSys)

Export: Contamination shapes as GeoJSON, SHP

90 seconds calculation time for 3,5 hours flow field with 100,000 particles on Intel i7 8x3.6GHz, uses 2 GByte RAM

Optimized for multithreading, low RAM cost, dynamic loading of network database resources

	Pipe	Surface	Soil
Dimension	1D	1D <u>2D</u>	3D
Transport	Advection + Diffusion	Advection + Diffusion	Advection + Dispersion
Coupling	Direct  		Post-Pipe-Run
Timestep	0,1-1 s		14 d



The screenshot shows a GitHub commit history for the repository 'rsaemann * corrected displaying timelines in TimelinePanel'. The latest commit is 'bc7d335' from 29 minutes ago. The commit history includes:

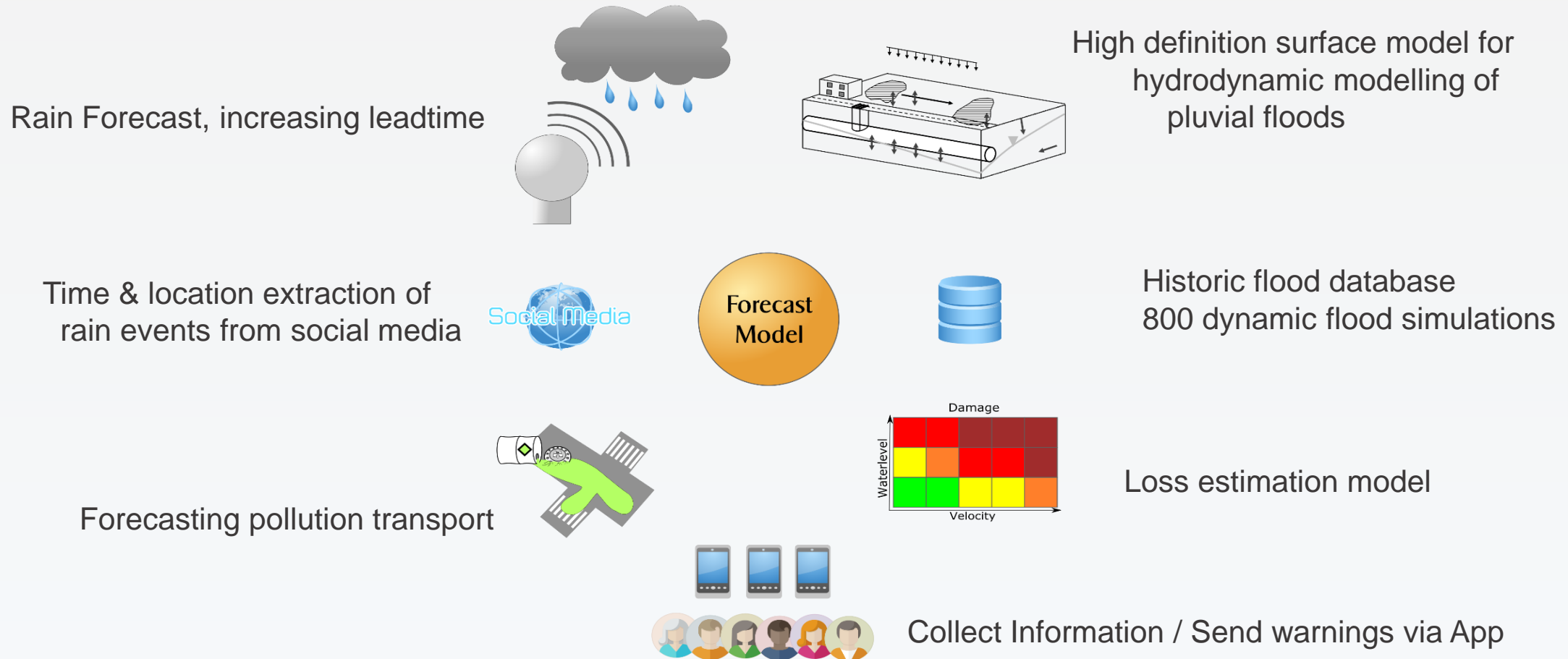
- GULLIcore: * changed exceptions in empty resultsets (30 minutes ago)
- GULLIview: * corrected displaying timelines in TimelinePanel (29 minutes ago)
- .gitignore: Optimized Particle performance & loading performance (3 months ago)
- LICENSE: Resolved license spelling problems (4 months ago)
- README.md: Initial two-package commit (4 months ago)

Below the commit history is the README for GULLI, which describes it as a 'GULLI Urban pollution transport model' and a 'Lagrangian particle based transport model to track point source injected solutes in case of urban flood events. Coupling of different domains (Surface, Pipes and Soil) to model the spreading of solute in the water (advective & diffusion/dispersion)'.

Check out <https://github.com/rsaemann/GULLI>

Contact saemann@hydromech.uni-hannover.de

EVUS Research project



EVUS Research project



2015-2018

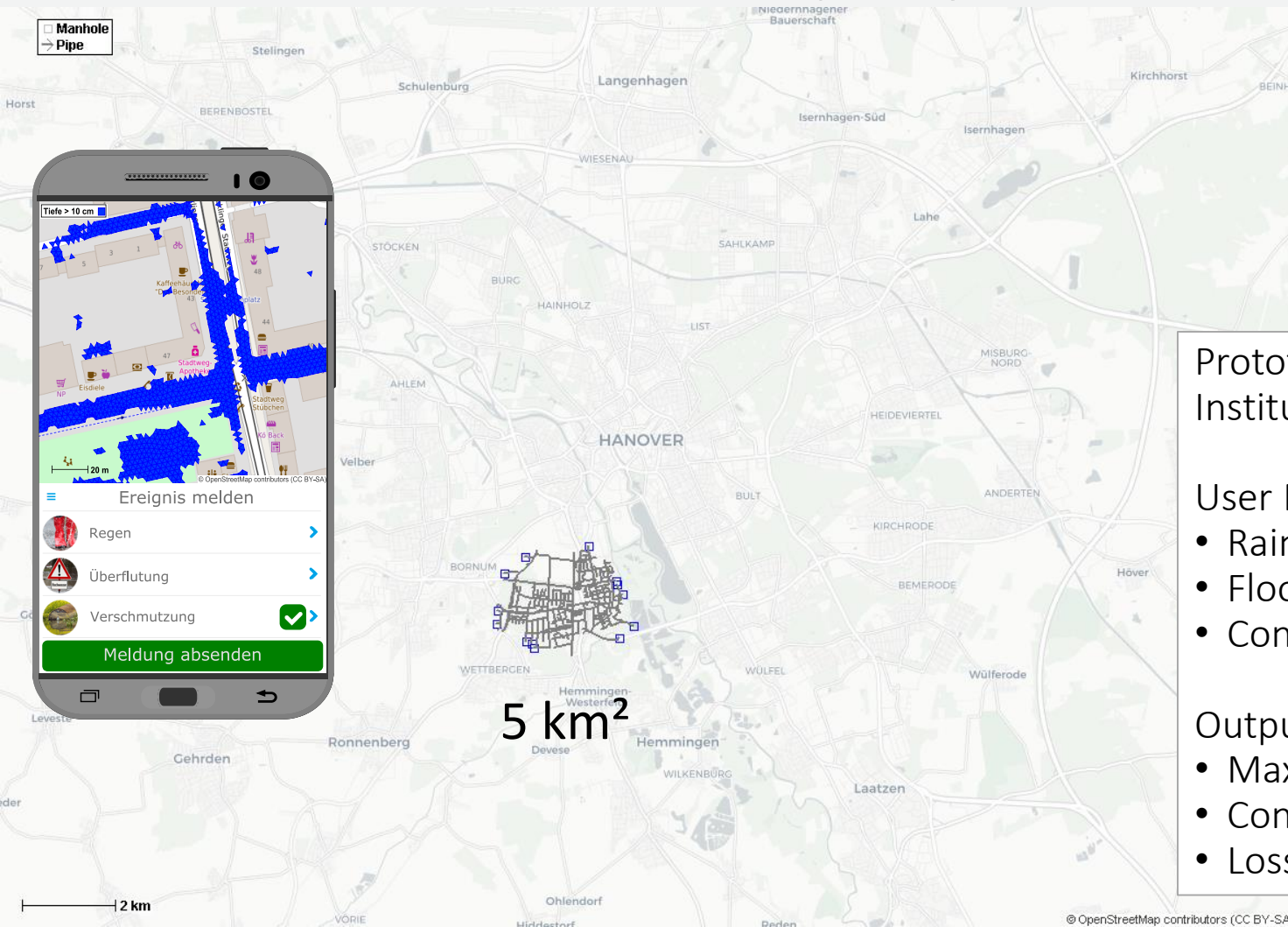


Institut für Strömungsmechanik und Umwelphysik im Bauwesen

Stadtentwässerung

Hannover

Wir klären das.



Prototype Web-Application
Institute Server Host

User Report Input:

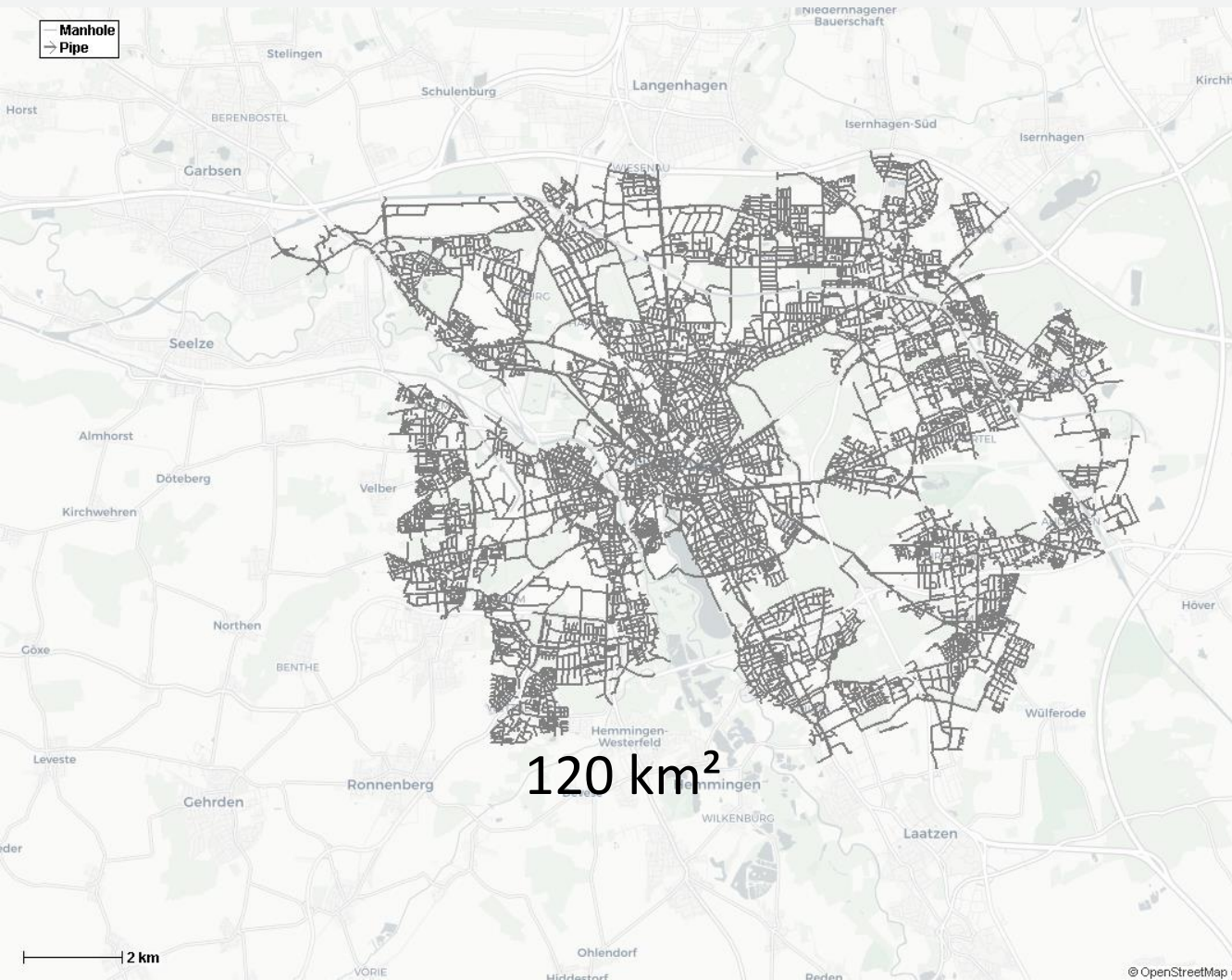
- Rain intensity
- Flooding
- Contamination

Output:

- Maximum water level
- Contamination boundary
- Loss estimation

© OpenStreetMap contributors (CC BY-SA)

Outlook



Implementation link to



German Hazard Warn App

Operational Web-Application
Town of Hannover Server

User Report Input:

- Rain intensity ?
- Flooding ?
- Contamination ?

Output:

- **Dynamic** water level
- Contamination **intensity**
- Loss estimation

Questions?

Verification? Yes, against a high resolution numerical code

Validation? No. If you know of a tracer experiment in large scale urban areas during a pluvial flood, please let me know.

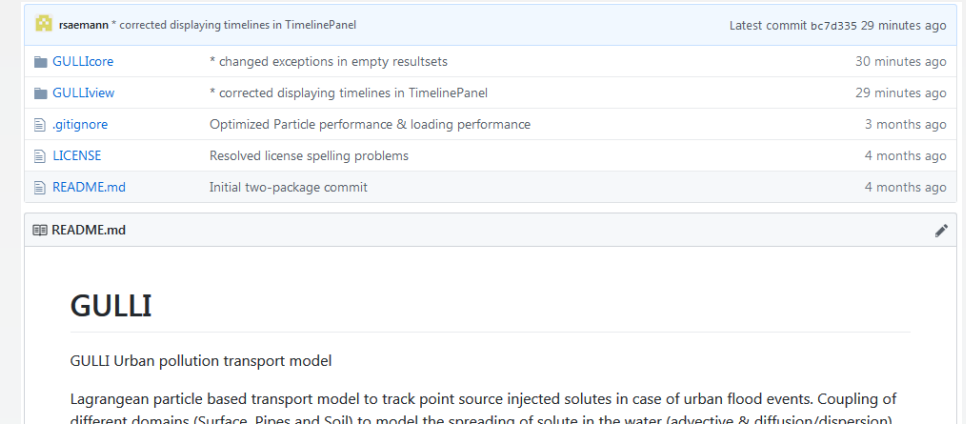
Thanks for your attention.

Questions from the audience:

Applicable for other scenarios? Yes, internal structure for millions of cells. Only flow field is needed (dynamic or static)

Do particles have a volume? No, particles only have a mass. Particle injection do not change the flow field. Passive tracer approach. Swim “on top” of the flow field.

How many people used the App? App was available but not public announced. Only project member used the App to report findings.



Check out <https://github.com/rsaemann/GULLI>

Contact saemann@hydromech.uni-hannover.de